



1  
00:00:09,990 --> 00:00:07,190  
where will curiosity go first presented

2  
00:00:12,629 --> 00:00:10,000  
by science at nasa

3  
00:00:15,430 --> 00:00:12,639  
by now it's old news that nasa's new

4  
00:00:17,910 --> 00:00:15,440  
mars rover curiosity is resting safely

5  
00:00:19,990 --> 00:00:17,920  
on the surface of the red planet after a

6  
00:00:21,910 --> 00:00:20,000  
daredevil landing that had the nation

7  
00:00:24,470 --> 00:00:21,920  
holding its breath

8  
00:00:25,750 --> 00:00:24,480  
now mission scientists are anxious to

9  
00:00:27,670 --> 00:00:25,760  
start moving

10  
00:00:30,630 --> 00:00:27,680  
with such a sweet set of wheels at their

11  
00:00:33,270 --> 00:00:30,640  
disposal and the open road before them

12  
00:00:34,950 --> 00:00:33,280  
just where will they go first

13  
00:00:37,110 --> 00:00:34,960

we won't have to travel far for

14

00:00:39,590 --> 00:00:37,120

excitement says project scientist john

15

00:00:41,110 --> 00:00:39,600

gratzinger we landed in the best

16

00:00:45,029 --> 00:00:41,120

possible place within the landing

17

00:00:47,110 --> 00:00:45,039

ellipse the bottom of an alluvial fan

18

00:00:49,750 --> 00:00:47,120

an alluvial fan is a pattern of

19

00:00:51,990 --> 00:00:49,760

sedimentary rocks dirt and sand

20

00:00:54,790 --> 00:00:52,000

deposited by flowing water

21

00:00:55,910 --> 00:00:54,800

in this case perhaps an ancient martian

22

00:00:58,150 --> 00:00:55,920

river

23

00:01:00,709 --> 00:00:58,160

since life as we know it requires liquid

24

00:01:03,110 --> 00:01:00,719

water this is an excellent first place

25

00:01:06,149 --> 00:01:03,120

to search for clues of a mars that was

26

00:01:08,390 --> 00:01:06,159

once hospitable to life

27

00:01:10,789 --> 00:01:08,400

the alluvial fan indicates that water

28

00:01:12,390 --> 00:01:10,799

flowed across the surface so we'll head

29

00:01:14,710 --> 00:01:12,400

downhill to where water might have

30

00:01:16,469 --> 00:01:14,720

collected we'll be looking for minerals

31

00:01:17,910 --> 00:01:16,479

like salts that might tell us where

32

00:01:19,990 --> 00:01:17,920

water has been

33

00:01:22,310 --> 00:01:20,000

it's kind of like a scavenger hunt with

34

00:01:24,230 --> 00:01:22,320

minerals as clues

35

00:01:26,789 --> 00:01:24,240

after that gratzinger says it's full

36

00:01:29,270 --> 00:01:26,799

speed ahead to the base of mount sharp a

37

00:01:31,990 --> 00:01:29,280

5 000 meter tall mountain that holds

38

00:01:33,990 --> 00:01:32,000

within its ancient layers possible clues

39

00:01:35,670 --> 00:01:34,000

to life on the red planet

40

00:01:38,149 --> 00:01:35,680

we'll have to make a deal with ourselves

41

00:01:39,990 --> 00:01:38,159

not to stop too often along the way

42

00:01:42,310 --> 00:01:40,000

mount sharp is the reason we chose this

43

00:01:44,389 --> 00:01:42,320

landing site so we need to hightail it

44

00:01:46,310 --> 00:01:44,399

on over there

45

00:01:48,389 --> 00:01:46,320

deputy program manager richard cook

46

00:01:49,350 --> 00:01:48,399

describes the temptation to stop along

47

00:01:51,749 --> 00:01:49,360

the way

48

00:01:54,149 --> 00:01:51,759

it'll be like taking a family vacation

49

00:01:56,630 --> 00:01:54,159

but instead of the family you have 400

50

00:01:58,709 --> 00:01:56,640

scientists who want to stop and look at

51  
00:02:00,870 --> 00:01:58,719  
every site

52  
00:02:02,630 --> 00:02:00,880  
curiosity is bristling with instruments

53  
00:02:04,469 --> 00:02:02,640  
custom made to look for the chemical

54  
00:02:07,429 --> 00:02:04,479  
building blocks of life

55  
00:02:10,309 --> 00:02:07,439  
a laser on curiosity's mast can take aim

56  
00:02:12,470 --> 00:02:10,319  
at interesting rocks and vaporize small

57  
00:02:13,589 --> 00:02:12,480  
spots on them from up to seven meters

58  
00:02:16,309 --> 00:02:13,599  
away

59  
00:02:18,470 --> 00:02:16,319  
the microblasts produce plasma clouds

60  
00:02:20,869 --> 00:02:18,480  
and the scientists can examine the light

61  
00:02:23,110 --> 00:02:20,879  
reflected off of these clouds to learn

62  
00:02:25,750 --> 00:02:23,120  
what the rocks are made of

63  
00:02:28,470 --> 00:02:25,760

the mast also sports a high resolution

64  
00:02:30,470 --> 00:02:28,480  
camera called mast cam which has already

65  
00:02:32,309 --> 00:02:30,480  
begun observing and photographing the

66  
00:02:35,030 --> 00:02:32,319  
rover's surroundings

67  
00:02:37,910 --> 00:02:35,040  
the rover's robotic arm wields its own

68  
00:02:40,229 --> 00:02:37,920  
array of instruments the alpha particle

69  
00:02:42,150 --> 00:02:40,239  
x-ray spectrometer will measure the

70  
00:02:45,110 --> 00:02:42,160  
abundance of chemical elements in the

71  
00:02:46,309 --> 00:02:45,120  
dust soils rocks and samples the rover

72  
00:02:48,949 --> 00:02:46,319  
gathers

73  
00:02:51,190 --> 00:02:48,959  
the mars hand lens imager acts like a

74  
00:02:54,070 --> 00:02:51,200  
geologist's magnifying lens that can

75  
00:02:56,390 --> 00:02:54,080  
take its own color photos

76  
00:02:58,309 --> 00:02:56,400  
ultimately samples will be delivered to

77  
00:02:59,430 --> 00:02:58,319  
a pair of on-board laboratory

78  
00:03:01,830 --> 00:02:59,440  
instruments

79  
00:03:04,390 --> 00:03:01,840  
one of them sam short for sample

80  
00:03:06,710 --> 00:03:04,400  
analysis at mars will explore the red

81  
00:03:07,670 --> 00:03:06,720  
planet by sniffing the air bird dog

82  
00:03:10,149 --> 00:03:07,680  
style

83  
00:03:12,869 --> 00:03:10,159  
it has vents for sniffing the atmosphere

84  
00:03:15,509 --> 00:03:12,879  
and detecting gases like methane

85  
00:03:18,070 --> 00:03:15,519  
sam can also sniff the gases released by

86  
00:03:19,270 --> 00:03:18,080  
rock or soil samples it heats in its own

87  
00:03:22,149 --> 00:03:19,280  
oven

88  
00:03:24,710 --> 00:03:22,159

can 400 scientists gripped by the thrill

89

00:03:26,390 --> 00:03:24,720

of the greatest family vacation ever

90

00:03:29,750 --> 00:03:26,400

really rushed to their destination

91

00:03:32,390 --> 00:03:29,760

without stopping to savor every site

92

00:03:34,630 --> 00:03:32,400

gratzinger makes just one guarantee

93

00:03:37,750 --> 00:03:34,640

in the coming months and years curiosity

94

00:03:40,149 --> 00:03:37,760

will tell us an incredible story

95

00:03:42,710 --> 00:03:40,159

for more postcards from curiosity as it